

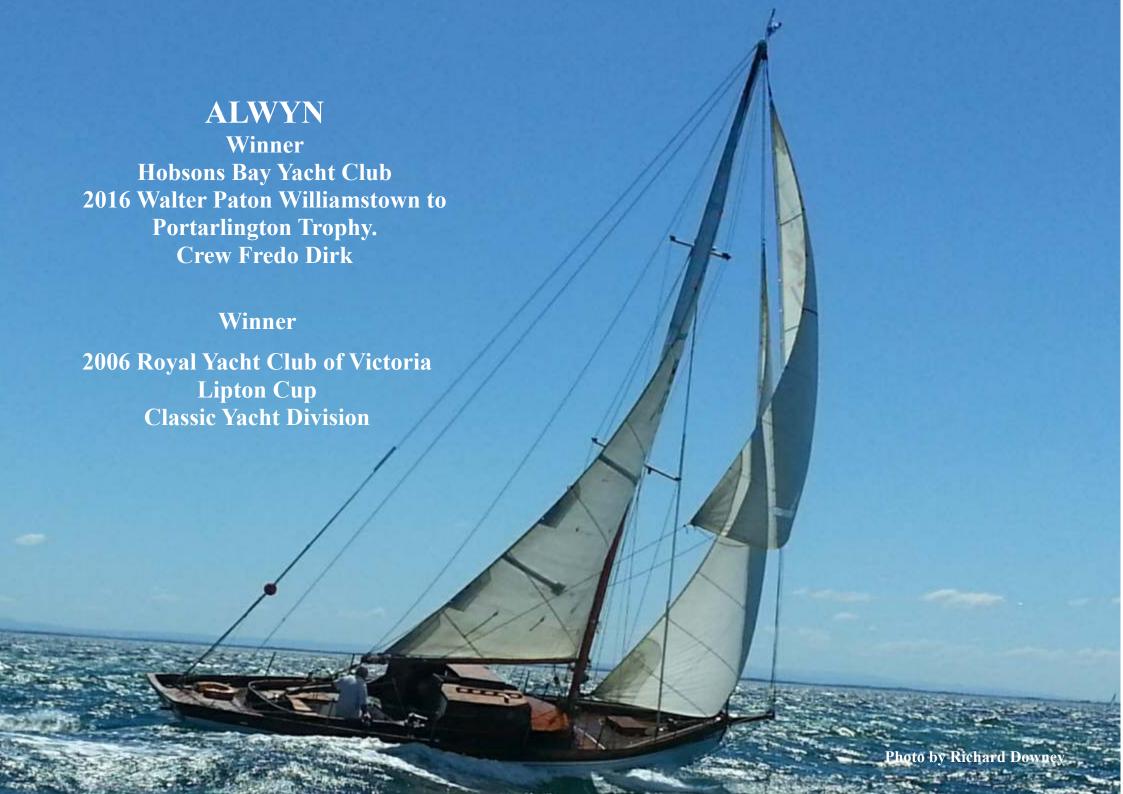
**STILL** "SAILING ON"

Launched Hobart Royal Yacht Club of Tasmania February 1st 1923

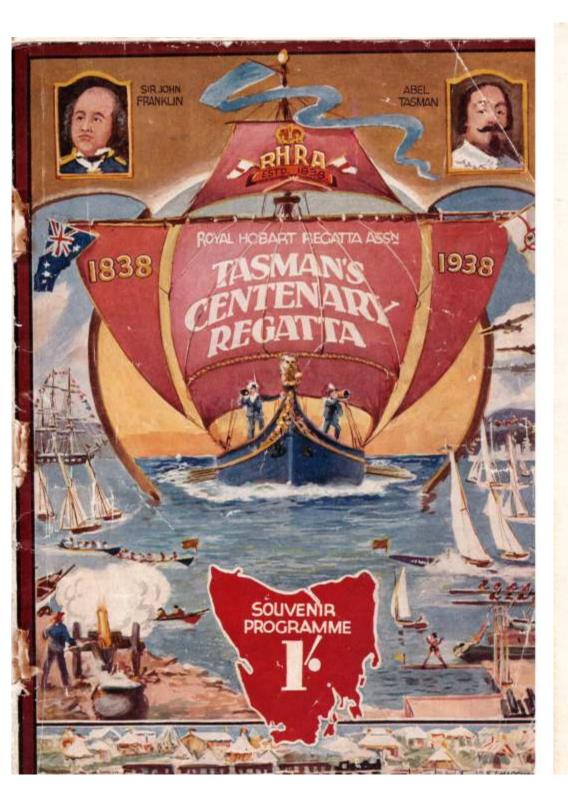
Hobsons Bay Yacht Club February 1st 2023

Alwyn 26 ft./38 ft. 9.5 ft. --**Built by Leslie Mackey and Robert Wood at** Mackey's residence 197 Murray Street, Hobart. **Designed by Alfred Blore.** 









FIRST-CLASS	YACHTS, '	'A"-	(Continued).
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Date	Winner.	Second.	Third.
1916	Œnone, H. Oliphant & Grubb, D.S.S. Helmsman, H. Oliphant	Crescent II.	-
1917	Enone, H Oliphant & J. Grubb, D.S.S. Helmsman, H. Oliphant	Elf	Crescent II.
1918	Enone, H. Oliphant & J. Grubb, D.S.S. Helmsman, H. Oliphant	Weené	Aotea
1919	Enone, H. Oliphant & J. C. Grubb, D.S.S. Helmsman, H. Oliphant	Crescent II.	Weené
1920	Enone, G. and J. Ingles, D.S.S and R.Y.C.T. Helmsman, O. T. O'May	Crescent	Redpa
1921	Elf, Stuart & Co., R.Y.C.T. and D.S.S. Helmsman, M. Stuart	Disqu	alified
1922	Elf, Stuart & Co, R.Y.C.T. and D.S.S. Helmsman, R. S. Mills	Redpa	Crescent II.
1923	Redpa, H. G. Gourlay, D.S.S. Helms- man, Owner	Crescent	Werona
1924	Alwyn, Helmsman, N. Winzenberg, R.Y.C.T, and D.S.S.	Grayling	Elf
1925	Grayling, Neave Bros., R.Y.C.T. and D.S.S. Helmsman, H. Oliphant	Clutha	Elf
1926	Alwyn, N. Winzenberg, R.Y.C.T. and D.S.S. Helmsman Owner	Elf	Werona
1927	Elf, Stuart & Co., R Y.C.T. and D.S.S. Helmsman, M. Stuart	Yeulba	Grayling
1928	Elf, Stuart & Co., R.Y.C.T. and D.S.S. Helmsman, M. Stuart	Ozone	Vanity
1929	Yeulba, A. Cumming, R.Y.C.T. and D.S.S. Helmsman, Owner	Weené	Alwyn
1930	Elf, Stuart & Co., R.Y.C.T. and D.S.S. Helmsman, M. Stuart	Vanity	Ozone
1931		Sireen	Elf
1932	Ozone, J. McDevitt, R.Y.C.T. and D.S.S. Helmsman, Owner	Alwyn	Grayling
1933	Sireen, E. T. Domeney, R.Y.C.T. and D.S.S. Helmsman, Owner	Yeulba	Ninie
1934	Yeulba, Angus Cumming. R.Y.C.T. and D.S.S. Helmsman, Owner	Weené	Elf
1935	Elf, Stuart, Burt, & Taylor, R Y.C.T. & D.S.S. Helmsman, A. M. Stuart	Sireen	Ninie
1936	Vanity, Harris, Cooper, and Gibson, R.Y.C.T. and D.S.S. Helmsman, P. C. Douglas	Ninie	Sireen
1937	Elf, Sthart, Burt, Taylor, & Georgeson, R.Y.C.T. and D.S.S. Helmsman, A. M. Stuart	Sireen	Grayling

#### YACHTING.

#### NOTES BY "BALYARD."

I recently had the opportunity of overlooking the new yacht built and awned by Messra. Mackey and Wood the is at present on the stocks at Mr J Lucas's sip, and is a fine craft, having a lwl of 26ft, and 38ft oal time hers, I 1-8 inch She is to be ready to make her debut at Hobart Regutta in A class.

The Mercury Saturday 13 January 1923

#### YACHTING NOTES

Ocean Yacht Race

#### Sandy Bay Regatta

Tachtsmen throughout Tasmania were pleased to notice the success of the Royal Yacht Club's revived ocean yacht race around Bruny Island, which was held last week-end after a break of 11 years. Particular interest attaches to the race, in that, for only the fourth time in the whole history of this classic event, the yachts were sent to sea first, and around Bruny Island from the outside first. Usually it is the custom for the race to take the down-Channel course first, and to cover the 50-mile stretch in the Southern Ocean last. On the last occasion, when the outside course was chosen first, a yacht was driven ashere and lost.

Clutha, Alwyn, Werona, and Canoble, finished on corrected times within 9 minutes of each other, which is very creditable for a 100-mile ocean race.

one occasion Alwyn was in a tight corner when two overwhelming seas rose upon her one on either side. A smaller, more exposed yacht might not have escaped so easily. In any case, the re-

The Mercury
Thursday 4 March 1926, page 11

## IN TASMAN WATERS

-----CO-----

Hobart Regatta January 1926

Alwyn, which has improved lately, had a runaway victory in the A class yacht race, finishing first across the line to annexe the Lipton Cup and the John Colvin trophy for her time corrected first placing with a good margin to spare.

Excerpt from Australian Motor boating and Yachting magazine March 1926 page 13 Click <u>HERE</u> for the full magazine story

# TASSIE'S HOLIDAY

#### REGATTAS

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Still Enthusiastic (By "Skipper")

The weather next day for the Esperance regatta was typical of the weather usually experienced there, the Hartz Mountains gave fair warning that wind and rain were not far away. The wind later touched hurricane force, while at times there was practically none at all. The "A" class event went to N. Winzenberg's Alwyn, Canobie was second, and Vanity third.

#### Excerpt of Alwyns early racing record

History: A-class racing yacht. Alwyn

1921 Construction commenced.

1923 Commisioned Hobart Nov.2 of 1923. Royal Yacht Club of Tasmania.

1924-25 Won Bellerive Regatta,

1924 Won A Class Lipton Cup and John Colvin Trophy Hobart Regatta only win for year.

1925/12 Participated in Port Cygnet regatta.

1926 Won A-class John Colvin Trophy at Hobart Regatta

1926/02/27-28 Second across line, second on handicap in Bruny Island 100 mile race

1926 Participated in RYCT Commodore's Trophy race.

1926 Won RYCT Lipton Cup.

1926/09 Mast being moved forward, minor alterations to interior.

1926/12-1927/01 Displaying much improved form.

1927 Given thorough overhaul prior to new season.

1927/12 Won A-class race at Esperance regatta.

1927/12 Participated in A-class race at Southport regatta.

1927/12 Fourth in A-class event at Port Cygnet.

1928/05 Did well during season, hard boat to beat.

1929/02 Third in A-class event at Hobart regatta.

1929/04 Sailed well in RYCT ladies day event.

1928-29 Her best record to date, a remarkable run of second & third places.

By 1934 Had won the Hobart regatta twice, one second and one third.

1940 Converted to yawl for cruising.

1943 Port of Hobart register closed.

Royal Geelong Yacht Club's race from Geelong to Mornington was won by "Gannet," while the B Class event went to "Alwyn" (B. Collings) who was the only B classer to finish. The fastest time was recorded by "Petrel" who took 8 hours 22 min. to complete the 33-mile

**SEACRAFT** 

**ALWYN** 

February, 1953

RMYS Result mid 1960's?

ROYAL MELBOURNE.—A CLASS (10 miles): Pam, 3,22,25, 1; Georgina, 2; Brigitte, 3, "B" AND C" CLASS (10 miles).—Cabol Anne. 3 hrs. 20 min. 1; Pandora, 2; Warringa, 3, 21 FT.

H. B. Y. B.
LE MANS START
1979- 20
ALWYN
P. Bostolloe





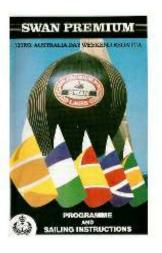
**HBYC Long distance racing Trophies** 

#### A montage of some of the RGYC Australia Day Regatta programs Alwyn participated in











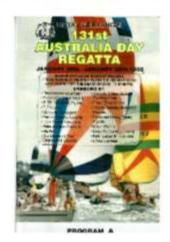




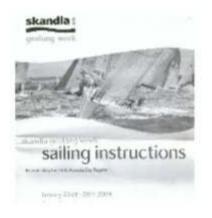












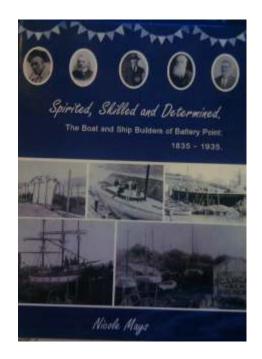


A sample of the division flags carried on Alwyn for her eighteen Royal Geelong Yacht Club Australia Day Regatta's.



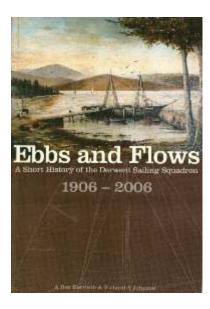
coming her counter where calking had been torn out by the severity of the pounding she took while mixing it with the

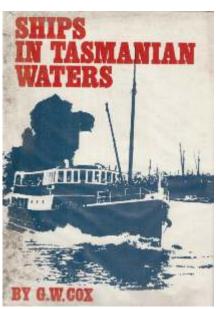
fleet leaders during the 50 knot storm.











#### Preface

First stage of Alwyn's life covers the era from prior to her launch, then through her Hobart racing years and her eventual relocation to Geelong.

The primary source of Alwyn's history from this era was Hobart Mercury records. These records were microfiche based from Hobart Mercury. Online Trove based archives were later used The National Archives based in North Melbourne were used to find Alwyn's official Port of Hobart registration records.

Material from books who's covers are displayed in this story. Tasmanian Maritime Museum photo's were heavily used as both reference material and pointers of stories to follow up on Anecdotal stories from family descendants of the designer, owner and those who crewed on her were a source of never ending surprises.

Of note are the publications by Nicole Mays, Colin Grazules, Graeme Broxham and Garry Kerr. These books verified anecdotal stories of Alwyn early years and confirmed the opinion that Hobart designers were equal to European and North American design theory and practice of the day.

Without dispute, three books were critical to awakening in me the role Alwyn played in the the yachting and social fabric of Hobart in the 1920's and 30'.

These books are, the RYCT Sailing On, the DSS Ebbs and Flows and the Webster One Hundred Years of Yachting in Tasmanian. Shipping in Tasmanian Waters by E A Cox was a surprise source of Alwyn information. Alwyn was only recreational yacht mentioned. Considering this book that was about the history of Tasmanian commercial ships and people it gives an idea of the presence of Alwyn in the Tasmanian Martitime history world. The actual story in this book was about G. H. Evans,the next Hobart based Alwyn owner, A many years commodore of the RYCT and the Tasmania Hydro Electric commission. This story provided essential details about Alwyn's conversion to a yawl rig, after the Winzenberg years.

One other Tasmanian book that gave an insight into the Winzenberg family was Men of Influence, a history of the Tasmanian Racing Club.. This book of the son of Alwyn's skipper Roy Wizenberg, as chairman of the TRC played a significant role in the introduction of totalizater technology into TRC operations. Today the TRC use the Roy Winzenberg Stakes and Roy Winzenberg Handicap to acknowledge his contribution to Tasmanian horse racing.

My meet up with Roy Wizenberg is special on one other aspect. The role Alwyn played in the Winzenberg family life was described. After my visit to the RYCT to source Alwyn archival material and stories I made a cold call him. He was then general manager of the Hobart Fitzgeralds department store The first non family general manager who worked his way up from office boy. When Roy was told I was asking to see him and why. Out he came from the office, Huge beam on his face. He literally dragged me into his office, sat me down, shut the door and unloaded. Talk about someone coming alive, he had so much to say. Alwyn's. Hobart Regatta silk programs and family silk scarves featuring Alwyn were a family feature as part of the RYCT racing season opening day celebrations.. He mentioned all the Alwyn trophies were returned to the RYCT.

Details of Alwyn's time at Geelong are sketchy. Anecdotal stories gathered from people who knew her owner, Dick Collins, was the primary source of story material. One other source of Alwyn stories was from people on a walk up basis at various Geelong Wooden Boat Festivals. I'm sure when time permits investigations of RGYC and local newspaper archives will unearth records to fill in gaps of her life at RGYC.

A blank on the archival front is a feature of her time at RYCV. Unfortunately all RYCV records from this era went to ashes. However walk up stories at the Williamstown Wooden Boat Festival were critical leads to providing information about her time on the RYCV Register.

From the mid 1960's is the time when the real fun stories begin. What Alwyn did and with whom are based on first hand experiences. All I can say is the facts of every story haven't been embellished.

So let's go

#### The awakening.

Somewhere a definition of a classic yacht was seen. It said classic yachts are designed and built for racing. They are also designed to win races but not to last. Lightly built is another way of saying they aren't built to last.

The Alwyn fits this description in spades. As we go through this Alwyn story we'll see why I figure she fits this description in spades.

Although being the owner of Alwyn for some time, in depth details of her early life are not known. In depth meaning family stories of decisions to why she was built.

All this changed when two chaps arrived on my doorstep. They announced they from the Mackey family and were looking for their boat. After sorting out the confusion it was realized it was Alwyn they were searching for. How they found me is still not understood but there they were and quite serious as well.

As we relaxed after this initial front porch meet up shock, the early stories started to come out. To sart with she was Built in a Murray Street Hobart backyard. The backyard shed was demolished to move her out for her eventual launch. The source of her name and problems between the builders was mentioned. To finish off their day I took them over to Williamstown for a lookover. Bad move. Alwyn definitely was not the boat of their memories. The rig conversion and raised cabin doghouse sure set them back. They didn't want to go on board. All this was quite sad. Being on a swing mooring meant water line cleanups didn't happen as easily as they do now. She looked a bit rough on the water line. While her topsides were white as in her early days it was the painted cabin and cockpit coaming that finished them. Knowing what I know now and what they could have told me it was an opportunity lost.

Some years later Tasmanian public records confirmed the Mackey story that Alwyns name was a combination of Alice and Wynifred, the names of the two owners wive's who built her.

As the Mackey family builders were directly connected to the Mackey shipbuilders of Hobart who has sold their business to Purdon and

Featherstone the assumption is the Mackeys were engaged to build Alwyn by Roberts Woods, a jeweller of Hobart. Evidence to possible friction between the builders can be seen in the Lloyds of London Registration book of 1922. Alwyn is listed as being launched in 1922 with Robert Woods as the listed owner. The 1923 Lloyds list has both Woods and Mackey as the owner. Same with the initial official Port of Hobart Registration papers. Mind you a pre launch registration was needed to obtain the official number 155151 to be carved into the deck beam forward of the mast during her build time. Allusion to the problems between owner builders

The ship registration records show she was used as a mortagee chattel to the Hobart ship chandlers C B Richmond Rex indicate money problems. Iron dumps being used instead of copper fastening to tie the 9 x 1 inch Huon pine deck planks to the deck beams, something you may do with a fishing barge but not with a yacht. In her later years these iron dumps sure played a role in the decomposition of her deck beams and planks. The ferric oxide (rust) from these dumps sure played hell with the Huon pine oils. It's the reason Alwyns deck and later added bulwarks had black decomposition spots. Huon Pine has built's don't do's when building a racing yacht. Investigation of the deck beams and planks of twin sister to Alwyn, Grayling, showed then to be in as built condition. Huon pine shaving are horror story when you get some in your eye. Think of those pit sawyers (convicts) in those early days. Nicolas Shakespeare Huon Pine based coffins not rotting discovery story

Being put up for auction some eighteen months after her launch and twice being used as a mortgage chattel indicate all was not well on the financial front.

Going back to the shipbuilders perhaps there are two basic practices that saved the Alwyn in her later years. First was the use of Huon Pine Frames and the clenched nail fastening system used to attached the huon pine hull planks to the frame. Removing these fastening during her restrengthening program show these fastening to be as bright and as strong, ie no dezincing, as the day they went in. No roved nails were used in her build. However the use of huon pine for frames and hull planks is not all sweetness and light. Being a softwood the wood around the fastening after 85 years or so, went flakey. The frames were easily moved when pressure tested. This problem was resolved by replacing the hull and garboard plank clenched fastening with ½ nuts and bolts.

Some lightly built hull indicators were no hanging kneees, .No bulk heads and no breat hooks at the stem were installed. Again you have to keep in mind the original sail plan had no stem attached forestay. The head sail was a self tacker with a club foot with it's tack tied out on the bowsprit. Even so you would expect a breast hook to be part of the hull construction. Not so with the Alwyn build. Wait till I talk about her conversion to a yawl rig. Wood butchers is being kind to who ever did it.

At this time we can hold off on talking about the builder family and take a look at the Alwyn designer Alf Blore. To set the Alf Blore scene here's a copy of the opening paragraph from the Edwin Webster's book,on Hobart people involved with yachting. One Hundred Years of Yachting in Tasmania. This book is a document of record that covers the evolution of recreational yachting in Tasmania. For the best Alf Blore story you need to look over Nicole Mays book that records the activity of the Hobart's Battery Point Boat Builders record. Although not a boat builder, Blore was of such promince in the Hobart Boat building scene a special chapter on Blore was included. Of the 50 odd boats he designed 17 are still active. The Garry Kerr book records no ship builder half models were made of Blores designs. His drawing were of such detail and quality that no half models were required.

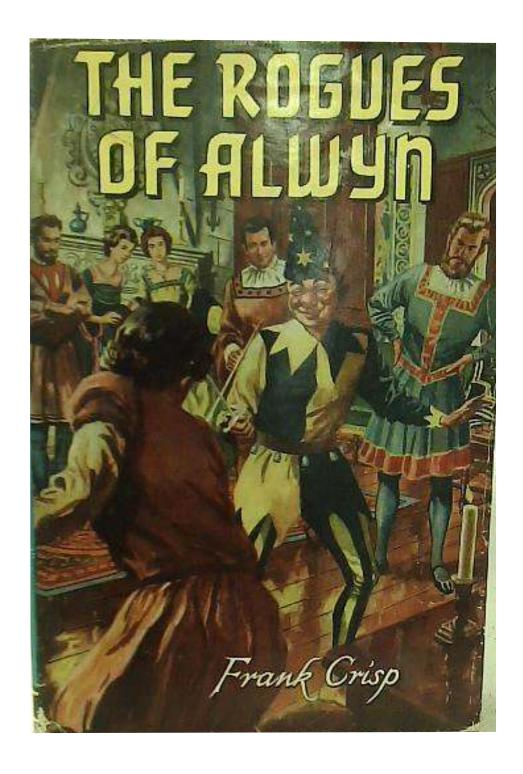
The Hobart Mercury reported on the many Alf Blore eulogies presented by vice regal and yachting personalities of the day.

Blore's family life was not pleasant. Two of his three children were lost at very early ages. His surviving daughter married into Hobart's Jenning's family. Two of Blore's grandchildren went on to significant adventures. One signed on as crew in the Viking in the last grain race. The other grandson has his WWII experiences recorded by the Aust War Museum. Take a listen here. A tip to what this grandson did in the WWI conflict is he lost his pilot licence by doing Tiger Moth touch and goes on the Sandy Bay foreshore. During a phone conversation with a Jenning family connection revealed one of the Jenning family, Noel Jennings to be a reputable naval architect who designed the one tonner, Huon Chief.

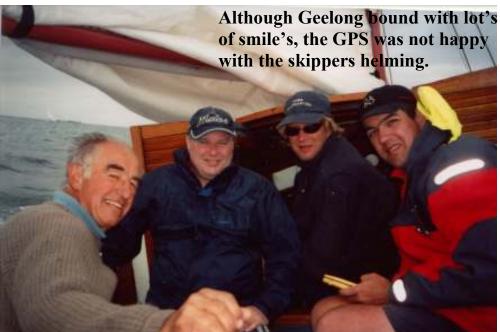
There's plenty personal experiences of my time sailing on her when she was at the Royal Melbourne Yacht Squadron. I had no great interest in her pedigree. So fast forwarding into my time as her owner all I had history wise was her registration details engraved on the first deck beam forward of the mast.

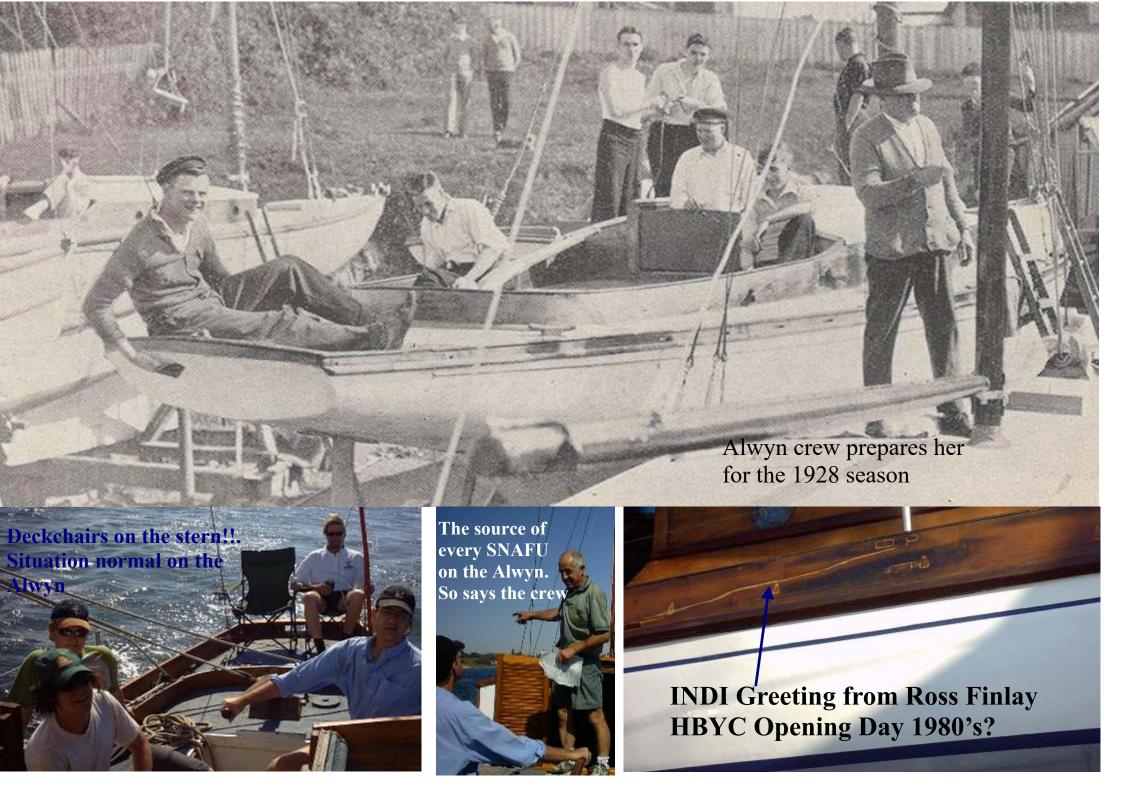
FORM OF APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION The Royal Yacht Club of Casmania To the Secretary. The Royal Yacht Club of Tasmania. Dear Sir. Please place my Yacht on the Club's Register, and I beg to enclose herewith the sum of 2s. 6d. as Registration Fee. The following are the particulars required by the Rules :-Sail, Motor, Steam or Auxiliary..... Registered Tonnage, H.M. Customs (if registered) 6-37 Number of Royal Warrant Make and Power of Engine..... ALF. BLORE Builder WOODS 9 MACKEY Where Built and Date NOBART 1923-24 Keel or Centre Board Keel Weight of Ballast, Inside ..... bee cust Weight of Ballast, Keel 2 Jones Distinguishing Flag Dash Blue with lightblue hallies In the event of any alteration affecting the above particulars, the Secretary

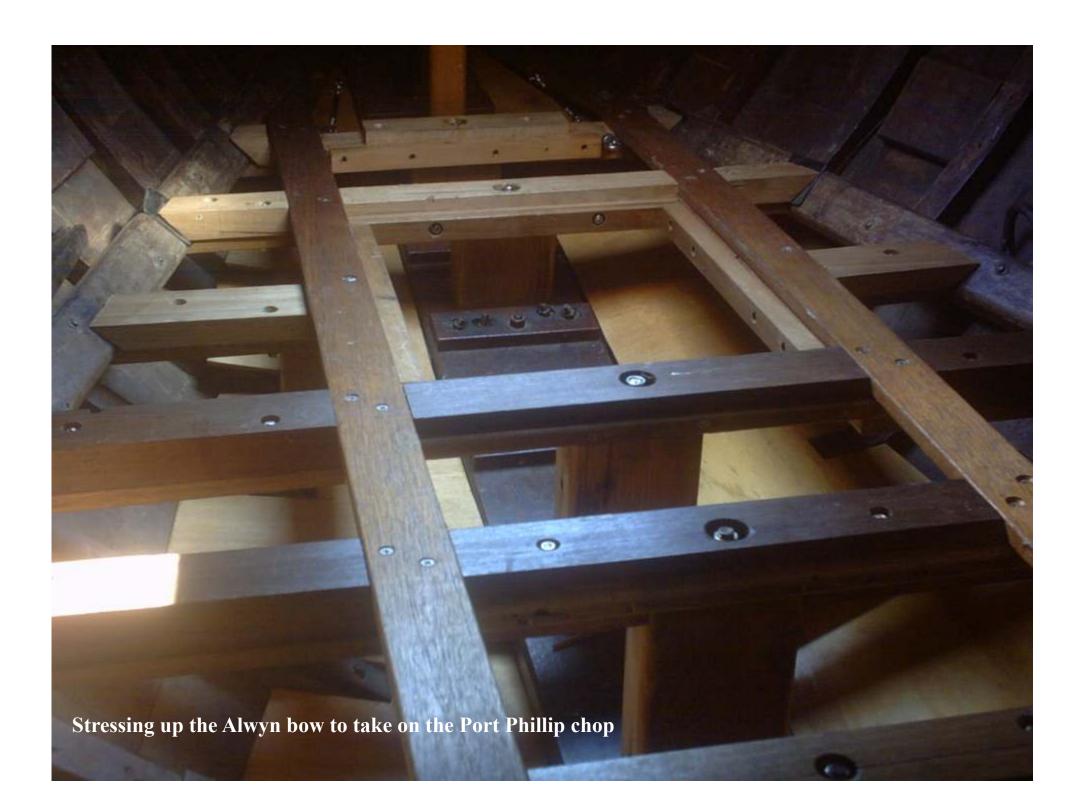
will be notified of such on completion of alteration.













#### Alwyn repair, replace or restrengthen tasks Nov 2008 to Nov 2010

- 1. Cavities in Lead section of keel repaired and keel reprofiled
- 2. Sanding and filling cracked forward seams on both sides
- 3. Screw fastening forward hull planks on both sides
- 4. Splining forward hull seams, keel deadwood and rudder on both sides
- 5. Burning off forward topside and underwater coating with flame
- 6. Sanding forward topside and underwater hull planks to clean of burn off material
- 7. Removing copper strips and associated nails from underwater hull
- 8. Burning of all remaining topside and underwater paint
- 9. Sanding off all remaining hull.
- 10. Cleaning out previous caulking material from all hull plank seams
- 11. Cleaning upper and lower plank edge surfaces
- 12. Preparing hoop pine splines for all plank seams
- 13. Shaping all splines to fit space between all hull plank seams
- 14. Clean out and remove old paint from internal stem area
- 15. Remove internal forward ceiling boards attached to ribs
- 16. Gluing in splines between each plank edge and facing seam.
- 17. Replaced 3 cracked butt blocks
- 18. Deck Beam #1 Replacement
- 19. Deck Beam #2 Replacement
- 20. Deck Beam #3 Replacement
- 21. Deck Beam #4 Replacement
- 22. Deck Beam #5 Replacement
- 23. Deck Beam #28 Replacement
- 24. Deck Beam #29 Replacement
- 25. Deck Beam #30 Replacement
- 26. Deck Beam #31 Replacement
- 27. Deck Beam #32 Replacement
- 28. Floor Timber #1 Addition
- 29. Floor Timber #2 Addition
- 30. Floor Timber #3 Addition
- 31. Floor Timber #4 Replacement
- 32. Floor Timber #5 Replacement
- 33. Floor Timber #6 Addition
- 34. Floor Timber #7 Addition
- 35. Floor Timber #8 Replacement
- 36. Floor Timber #9 Replacement
- 37. Floor Timber #10 Removal and rebedding with new fastenings
- 38. Floor Timber #11 Removal and rebedding with new fastenings
- 39. Remove paint from inside of deck planks forward of mast
- 40. Remove paint from all ribs.
- 41. Remove paint from all inside of hullplanks forward of mast
- 42. Remove all ceiling boards forward of mast
- 43. Clean paint from all ceiling boards forward of mast

- 44. Remove all bilge epoxy repair material around mast step
- 45. Remove internal bunk structure forward of mast
- 46. Coat all forward timbers with multiprime
- 47. Remove and rebuild Samson post
- 48. Remove bow rollers and support brackets
- 49. Replace mild steel bow roller shaft with Bronze shaft
- 50. Machine down and cut thread on new bow roller shaft.
- 51. Remove and repair water rotted sections of bowsprit
- 52. Re-install bowsprit with deck clearance
- 53. Repair port forward sheerstrake and deck shelf due to rusty fastening damage
- 54. Repair decayed deck plank fastening holes with plugs
- 55. Refasten deck planks to deck beams with copper bolts
- 56. Replace all rib fastenings to 4th plank with copper bolts
- 57. Replace all garboard stainless steel wood screw fastening holes with trenails
- 58. Install sealant between bilge floor and both garboard blanks.
- 59. Repair rust damaged section of port forward deck shelf and sheer clamp
- 60. Replace all mild steel chain plates with bronze chain plates
- 61. Reshape bronze chain plates to hull profile
- Drill holes in chain plates for shroud fitting, hull fastenings and shroud compression frame installation
- 62. Replace all chain plate huon pine backing timbers with laminated Kempas backing timbers
- 63. Install water barriers on deck on each chain plate
- 64. Replace ribs in chain plate area with laminated kempas ribs
- 65. Install SS angle on each side of mast step for compression frame operation
- 66. Drill 5 holes across base of mast step to install compression frame SS angle
- 67. Weld brackets on SS angle for installation of compression SS tension rods to deck shelves
- 69. Shape SS angle for installation under sheer clamp and against deck shelf for compression frame
- 70. Weld brackets on SS angle for compression rod attachment and for SS angle between each deck shelf SS angle
- 71. Install both sets of SS angle against deck shelf at chain plates with 3/8 threaded rod
- 72. Install new stem stiffening system forward of Samson post.
- 73. Profile all forward floor timbers to allow installation of Red Box sister stem timber from Sampson post to mast step
- 74. Build 1/2" copper fastenings for centre fastening on all floor timbers connected with sister stem supporting timber
- 75. Install two breast hook bolts between both sheer clamps and deck shelves at stem
- 76. Replace both forward sections of bulwark and cut out new hawser holes
- 77. Install packer and through bolts between both bulwarks at stem.
- 78. Replace wooden hawser anchor line lead fittings on top of new bulwark sections
- 79. Refasten new anchor line lead fittings with trenails

- 80.Install new stem spacer block between splash boards
- 81. Install new through bolt between both splash boards huon pine to red oregan junction and deck spacer block
- 82. Install new inner forestay eye bolt tie down system under deck behind Samson post
- 83.Reprofile and repair bulwark at junction of port and starboard splash board and bulwark
- 84. Reconnect splashboard timbers with trenails
- 85. Replace forward splashboard cover plates with huon pine plates and new hawser holes
- 86. Remove old rubbing strake timbers and half round brass rubbing fitting
- 87. Cleaning out and repairing damaged planking between uppermost hull plank and deck plank
- 88. Installation and gluing of splines between top edge of top hull plank and underside if deck plank
- 89. Installation of new tapered two part rubbing strake on each side of hull
- 90. Repair rudder cracks and damage with splines and reprofile forward edge of rudder
- 91. Clean out and install new underside of rudder
- 92. Reprofile damaged under side of keel
- 93. Reposition rudder bearing on deck to prevent rudder sitting on keel step and bearing against keelson deadwood
- 94. Repair and restrengthen rust damaged port and starboard sheer strake and deck shelf at stern and mid quarter sections
- 95. Replace 4 failed deck beams supporting rudder bearing due to rusty fastening damage
- 96. Replace all stern floor timbers
- 97. Repair and rebuild mid starboard quarter broken rib
- 98. Repair and rebuild of transom horn timber
- 99. Installation of through bolts and packing timbers between the horn timber and last 2 deck beams
- 100. Installation of splines between deck planks around samson post area
- 101. Replacement of stern wooden deck cleats
- 102. Replacement of transom cover plate
- 103. Installation of huon pine veneer on transom cover plate
- 104.Installation of edging cover on bottom edge of transom cover plate
- 105. Rebuild of previous transom port stern repair that used mild steel wooden screws
- 106. Re-Engrave Cove Line Arrowhead at Stem and Flights at Stern
- 107. Clean out old canvas fastening nails and spline between top hull plank and deck plank
- 108. Spline outside and inside gap between deck plank and bottom side of bulwarks
- 109. Reprofile and repair bulwarks at chain plate location
- 110. Build and fit new transom cover board from plywood
- 111. Build new rebated edging for bottom edge of transom cover board
- 112. Cover transom cover board with new Huon Pine veneer

- 113. Build new bulwark cover plates for bulwark and transom cover board join on each side
- 114. Make new huon pine inserts in Port garboard strake to replace failed wood around corroded fastenings
- 115. Install new stop water timbers into dead wood near rudder
- 116. Mark in new waterline 40 mms above existing top water line scribing
- 117. Sand and multiprime underwater hull section
- 118. Mask up top water line with thin Spandex tape for sharp line and put masking tape over spandex tape
- 119. Use small mohair roller to coat underwater hull section with underwater primer
- 120. Remove two 4" nails from bulwark at starboard stern face and install wooden replacement plugs
- 121. Install packers at end of starboard bulwark
- 122. Make Oregon cover plates for transom vaneered plywood cover plate and bulwarks
- 123. Mask up boot top section and paint with underwater primer
- 124. Purchase 2.1 meters of F17 timber and cut out shape for # 9 deck beam
- 125. Install packers for bowsprit base and stem fitting
- 126. Build curved rubbing strake for transom and to join up with both rubbing strakes. Not used as visually to big
- 127. Make up plywood transom cover plate.
- 128. Make up smaller transom rubbing strake
- 129. Make up new leg to replace the broken leg of the boom crutch caused by too much water in canvas boat cover
- 130. Remove old copper covering seams and nails from hull
- 131. Forward Deck Beams replacement
- 132. Repair of out rusted deck plank fastening and fitting holes
- 133. Installation of 10 forward bulkhead beams and compression system
- 134. Remove, clean and re-install mast check blocks
- 135. Installation of inner forestay through deck rigging screw system
- 136. Splining deck plank seams
- 137. Splining gap between top of margin deck plank and bottom of bulwark
- 138. Sealing up deck plank and bulwark splines
- 139. Make up and install Transom cover plate struts
- 140. Varnish transom
- 141. Priming under water hull
- 142. Filling out topside plank fastening holes
- 143. Priming top side planks
- 144. Painting topside planks
- 145. Marking out and painting hull boot top
- 146. Masking and painting cove line arrow and flights
- 147. Sanding and oiling both sides of bulwarks and rubbing strake
- 148. Rebuild and reseal forehatch
- 149. Cover deck beside cabin and cockpit with 3mm plywood
- 150. Install 7 above and below compression beams forward of mast between stringers

- 151. Build 3 under stringer beam access points
- 152. Install locked compression posts between each stringer beam and sister stem
- 153. Install locked compression posts between stringer beam No. 7 and deck beam above
- 154. Install stringer beam plywood cover system for bunk use
- 155. Install plywood for rib and plank protection under stringer beam system
- 156. Install anchor storage system under stringer beams
- 157. Install wire sling and rigging screws between first stringer beam and samson post to stem tension system
- 158. Install wire sling and rigging screws between first deck beam and samson post to stem tension system
- 159. Install rebated stringers into stringer beam system.
- 160. Install stringer across all deck beams forward of mast
- 161. Extend and lock bunk and under shelf structure into stringer compression beam system
- 162. Install plywood covers for the extended bunk and under bunk storage system
- 163. Install plywood cover plates for stern facing outside wall.
- 164. Rebuild bow anchor roller pin support and stem attachment system
- 165. Construct bow roller fillers to fill gap between hull and rollers
- 166. Fabricate new outer forestay rigging screw system
- 167. Install new bowsprit cat whisker slings and bobstay
- 168. Install chain plate to mast step tension system
- 169. Install sacrifical rubbing strake brass quarter round protection system
- 170. Install new transom plywood cover system
- 171. Build prototype bulwark /deck seperator strip on transom and discard due too bulky visually
- 172. Build new bulwark /deck separator strip on transom
- 173. Varnish new transom huon pine venear 4 times
- 174. Install new transom decals with red, black and white Alwyn lettering and HBYC info and Sail No. in white
- 175. Trim rubbing strake ends at transom
- 176. Apply Clear Penetrating Epoxy (CPE) and underwater primer to exterior hull
- 177. Fill and sand chain plate fastening system voids

- 178. Mask hull for boot top application
- 179. Mask hull for multicoat application
- 180. Mask hull for antifoul application
- 181. Install cockpit compression posts
- 182. Install stabilising short deck beam system for cabin and cockpit
- 183. Install longitudinal stringers for short deck beam stablising system
- 184. Install liquid flash on chain plate through deck locations
- 185. Install cabin plywood floor and logitudinal support system
- 186. Reinstall and test electric bilge pump system and update wiring diagram.
- 187. Install new stern deck cleat system
- 188. Install plywood cover plate system for rudder post in cockpit
- 189. Install plywood cover plates for stern deck beam access holes
- 189. Replace engine oil and water pump impellor
- 190. Repaint boot top edge damaged by masking tape removal
- 191. Sand propellor and coat with CPE, underwater primer and antifoul, 2 coats
- 192. Remove old coating from protruding S S engine exhaust pipe at transom and recoat with CPE and clear varnish
- 193. Recoat both garboard planks with sealing glue and refair
- 194. Install new No 1 battery
- 195. Install cockpit carlin compression post supports at each corner underneath carlin and support beam rebate
- 196. Install stablising short deck beams between cabin and cockpit port and starboard carlins and deck shelf
- 197. Install port and starboard logitudinal stringers between new forward and stern deck beams to sister rusty deck fastening damaged sheer clamp and deck shelves
- 198. Install port and starboard logitudinal sister stringers for item 197. To be used as support short deck beam extensions for additional cabin work benches.
- 199. Install and oil 6 mm marine ply and edge trims over existing cockpit seating.
- 200. Remove existing deck coating from bronze deck petrol tank access cover plate and polish and refit.
- 201. Clean and coat side walls of cockpit
- 202. Remove temporary boat covers and supports prior to relaunch



## Australian Register of Historic Vessels

The vessel

### Alwyn

has been accepted into the Australian Register of Historic Vessels on

19 September 2008

signed

Director

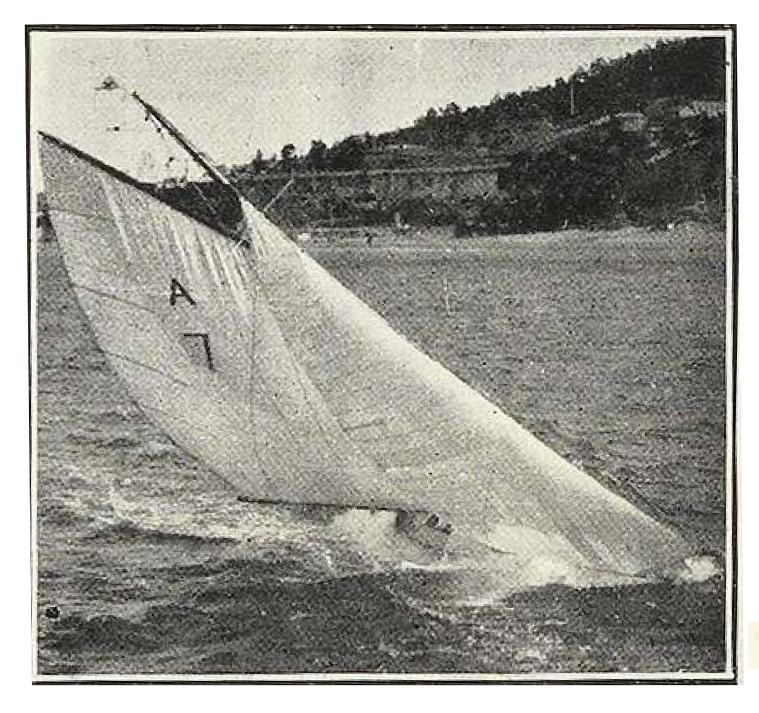
Australian National Maritime Museum



The Australian Register of Historic Vessels records Information about surviving vessels of relevance to Australia's maritime heritage. It is building a national picture of historic boats and their designers, builders and owners from around Australia, to create a better understanding of their connections with their communities past and present, and to encourage awareness and planning for their preservation and use.



The ARHV is managed by the Australian National Maritime Museum in association with



Caption reads:

ALWYN heels over spectacularly to starboard

WEEKLY COURIER



